

MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. II.

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, JULY 12 1892.

NO. 49.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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One Year	\$10.00
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Judge Peters' Reminiscences.

(Continued from last week.)

The commandant of the fort was De Courtois. Exaggerated reports of Braddock's force had reached him, and he was hesitating and debating whether to stand fast and defend or evacuate the fort. De Beaujeu, a young captain, offered to take a force and advance to meet the English. To this the commandant assented, and De Beaujeu then promptly marched out at the head of the force assigned him, consisting of about 250 Canadians and 630 Indians, in all 880 men. The young captain bounded forward, and waved his hat, the signal for his skirmishers to scatter behind the trees and rocks. At the signal, the Indians disappeared to the right and left, leaving the French in the center, and upon these the English opened fire, killing about twelve men, among them De Beaujeu, who fell cheering on his troops. This first quick fire show of fight they made, and with it every gleam of success expired. For when the Indians opened fire from their volleys after volleys from behind trees and rocks with fatal effect on their right and left, they were seized with mortal panic, the minutemen huddled together in crowds on a narrow road ceased to fire, or if they fired it was in the air. They were so paralyzed that they did not hear the command of their officers, who acted with great bravery, or if they did hear they would not obey, and could not be induced to advance, either by their orders or the flat sides of their swords. Nor had they the presence of mind to fly, but stood and were shot down by the merciless fire of the enemy. The officers did all that men could do, but it was all in vain. The provincials wavered and fought some twenty-six were killed and thirty-seven wounded. Col. Washington had four bullets through his coat and two horses shot under him. Gen. Braddock had three horses killed and two wounded under him, and finally he was fatally wounded.

The enemy had twenty-eight killed and twenty-seven wounded. All that saved the English army from total destruction was the Cupidity of the savages. They stopped the fight, gathered up the spoils, the muskets and scarlet coats that littered over the ground. The love of plunder on the part of the Indians enabled the remnant of the army to escape. Gen. Braddock mortally wounded, Col. Washington, by consent of all, took command and made a safe retreat, taking their wounded General with them by placing him in the folds of his large silk sash, and affixing the ends of it on two horses moving abreast. At the Great Meadows his strength failed him, he could go no further, and the end soon came. His grave was dug near old Fort Necessity, Washington road the funeral service, and the grave was carefully concealed "to prevent discovery by the Indians."

—See Virginia, a History of the period, by John Estlin Cooke, pp. 344-351.

Gen. Braddock, having been fatally wounded, the survivors of the battle, by mutual consent, entrusted the chief, or sole command of the shattered forces on Washington, to conduct them back to Virginia. He was apprehensive that the enemy would pursue him, and feeling that if they did pursue him by the force he had, down him by hard service as it was, he would not be able to resist the enemy, and he made Capt. J. Ashby a courier to Governor Dinwiddie, Governor of Virginia, and residing at Williamsburg, the seat of Government of Virginia, with an ac-

count of the failure of Braddock's campaign, and a request that the Governor would send him some reinforcements to enable him to make a safe retreat, he was authorized to impress horses as he might deem necessary to make the trip in the shortest possible time. Capt. Ashby understood the business; as soon as his dispatches were delivered to him and although the distance was about 300 miles, he delivered them to the Governor in less than twenty hours after he received them. He performed the trip on horseback, using eleven horses. He neither ate nor slept until the end was reached, nor was a horse seriously injured. It does not appear that the venture was necessary, as it does not appear in any authentic account that I have seen that the enemy pursued the retreating forces, or that any disaster befell them on their retreat. The English officers and Virginians remained with poor Braddock, giving him all the attention they could and contributing every comfort to him in their power. In these last days he saw his errors and told them he had done them great injustice. To Col. Washington he apologized feelingly for all his ill humor, and as an evidence of his regard presented him with his favorite riding horse and his own servant, Bishop. As he went through the shades of death, he kept groaning and muttering: "Who would have thought it? Who would have thought it? We will know better how to deal with them next time." But he had his last deal with friend or foe.

The enemy having failed to follow the retreating army, Washington had no further difficulty than to procure supplies for his men and horses, but by his prudence and skill he easily surmounted all difficulties, and met with no serious mishaps or accidents after the death of Gen. Braddock.

For more than three years after Braddock's defeat, the French and the Indians continued to murder, scalp, burn the houses and rob the people west of the Blue Ridge. Though Col. Washington was in command, and used all the means in his power to protect and save his people from the savage warfare waged against them, and until November, 1758, was checked. He could not impress the officials with the necessity of supplying a sufficient force for the work, nor was it left by the Virginians alone. In the vicinity of Fort Duquesne, fortunately some prisoners were taken, who informed the Americans of the extreme distress of the fort, deriving no support from Canada, the garri son weak, in great need of supplies, and deserted by the Indians. These encouraging circumstances determined General Forbes to prosecute the expedition.

Col. Washington was advanced in age, and with great labor opened a way for the main body of the army. The troops moved forward with slow steps till they reached Fort Duquesne, November 25, 1758, and took peaceable possession. The garri son having on the preceding night after evacuating and settling the fort on fire, proceeded down the Ohio river.

To other causes than the vigor of the officers who conducted this enterprise, the captain of this important place is to be ascribed. The naval armaments had intercepted the reinforcements designed by France for her colonies and the pressure on Canada was such as to disable the Government of that Province from detaching troops for Fort Duquesne. The works were repaired and the new fort received the name of the great minister, Wm. Pitt, who, with unparalleled vigor and talents, governed the Nation. And that pretty nearly ended the contention about Fort Duquesne, or Fort Pitt—Marshall's Life of Washington, pp. 26-27.

(Continued next week.)

To Walk at Lancaster.

The most novel and perhaps the most enterprising feature of the first show of the Fair, Friday, will be a notorious cake walk. Several of the young men and ladies of the town have already agreed to participate. The Hon. Durritt W. Tibbles, of Madison county, the famous cake-walker, is expected to enter. Friday, July 16th, is the date. Come, see, laugh and grow rich.—Lancaster Record.

What is a Sneeze?

A well-known scientist was asked the other day, "What is a sneeze?" He replied: "Sneezing is a most interesting physical phenomenon. It may be termed a nasal discharge. For this reason most people think they sneeze with their nose, but the nose is only the point of departure, and a heavy sneeze is a convulsion of the whole body, and all the muscles from the soles of the feet to the top of the head join in it. A person taking cold suffers a spasm of the blood vessels of the skin. The muscles are puckered up, and the skin rises, the blood is forced internally, and the nervous system informs the brain that something is wrong. A wind blowing on the back of a person's neck causes contraction of the blood vessels of that region, a condition which is certain to be followed by reaction. This contraction causes an irritation of the pores of the lining of the nose, the two points being intimately connected with the ramification of nerves. The purpose of a sneeze, when natural, is to restore the equilibrium of the nervous system. A genuine convulsive sneeze sends the blood to the surface, where it meets the cold chills that had begun to creep up the spine, it sets the heart going faster, and that quickens the blood current. In short, it is the first effort of nature to cure a cold, or when produced by taking snuff, the vocal protest of nature against the irrational utilization of the nerve sheathes in the nose. The sneezers who pass out to the consumer the product of our snuff mills will now know what happens when the snuff taker sneezes."—Ex.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Historic Pinch of Snuff.

Paul the First, Czar of Russia, had a diamond snuff box, which was as sacred as the Imperial crown itself from the profane touch of any fingers but those of the royal blood of the throne. No one was allowed to touch it. Kaploff, a much humored court dependent, one morning wagered that he would take a pinch of snuff out of it and the bet being made, he walked up to the table which stood near the bed on which the Czar reclined, and boldly picked up the wonderful snuff box. Opening it nobly, he inserted three fingers, and while the Czar watched in stupefaction at his audacity, he snuffed up the fragrant powder with evident satisfaction.

"What are you doing there, you rogue?" exclaimed the Czar, excitedly.

"Taking a pinch of snuff, sire! I have been asleep eight hours while you have been sleeping, and, feeling drowsy, I thought it would keep me awake, for I deem it better to break the rules of etiquette than neglect my duty."

The Czar burst out laughing, and replied: "That is right enough, Kaploff, but as the snuff box is not large enough for both of us, you can keep it for yourself."

The box is still a treasured heirloom in the Kaploff family, a memento evincing the fact that in the days of the Czar, Paul the First, there should have been no need of Nihilistic organizations, and yet this good natured man was cruelly assassinated in 1801.—[N. Y. Tobaccoist.]

In another column of this paper will be found an advertisement of a medicine known as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for sale by druggist, T. G. Julian, of this place. In almost every neighborhood throughout the west, there are some one or more persons whose lives have been saved by this remedy. It is natural for such persons to take especial pleasure in recommending the remedy to others. The praise that it is immensely popular. While it is intended especially for colic, cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhea, it is also claimed to cure chronic diarrhea. If such be the case, it is certainly a "God-send" to many a poor mortal.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Epicurean Elephant's.

An elephant's digestive functions are very rapid, and the animal therefore, requires daily a large amount of fodder—600 pounds at least. In its wild state the animal feeds heartily, but wastefully. It is careful in selecting the few forest trees that it likes for their bark or foliage. But it will wear down branches and leave half of them untouched. It will strip off the bark from other trees and throw away a large portion.

As it is a nocturnal animal, it selects its trees by the sense of touch and smell. Its sense of smell is so delicate that a wild elephant can wind an enemy at a distance of 1000 yards, and the nerves of its trunk are so sensitive that the smallest substance can be discovered and picked up by its tiny proboscis.

An elephant's palate is very delicate, and the animal is whimsical in selecting or rejecting morsels of food. Sir Samuel W. Baker, in his "Wild Beasts and Their Ways," tells an anecdote illustrative of the whims of a tame elephant belonging to the police of Dhauri:

This elephant was fed with rice and plantains. The stems of the plantains were split and cut into transverse sections two feet in length. Three-quarters of a pound of rice was placed within each tube of plantain stem. One day, while the elephant was being fed, a lady offered the animal a small sweet biscuit. It was taken in the trunk and almost immediately thrown on the ground.

The next day, or driver, thinking that the elephant had behaved rudely, picked up the biscuit and inserted it in a parcel of rice within a plantain stem. This was placed in the elephant's mouth, and at the first crunch it showed its disgust by spitting out the whole mess. The small biscuit had disgusted the animal, and for several minutes it tried by its inserted trunk to rake out every atom from its tongue and throat.—Ex.

Old Meeting-house.

Virginia claims the oldest meeting-house in the United States. The church on which this claim is made, by a contributor to the N. Y. Press, was erected in Norfolk, Va., in 1632. The date of its erection was cut into the wall, old bricks at two different points. It was the second church built in Virginia. The first one, that at Jamestown, has long since gone to ruin. This building is without doubt the oldest church building in America captured by English speaking people.

The size is 30x50 feet and the tower 50 feet tall. The walls are thick, in good condition; the brick and mortar are so firmly joined together as to defy separation without breaking the brick. The oldest well-defined grave in the church-yard is that of General Joseph Bridger, who died in 1686, and whose father built the church, which has withstood the ravages of three wars, the Revolution, the War of 1812 and the struggle of 1860.

Three times it has been reerected, and it is now undergoing repairs of a very substantial and attractive nature and bids fair to be useful as a church for the next three centuries. Memorial windows have been constructed for it in England, and when again in shape to use it will present a very attractive appearance.

In this connection it is interesting that the present county clerk of Use of Wight county, the same county in which the old church is located, is the third or fourth of his line that have held that same office in a continuous line of succession since the morning, during the Revolution struggle, when the then incumbent left the office and joined the royalist army to fight against his country.—Ex.

One of the first fruits of the good works of the Commercial Club is the location of the factory for the manufacture of McNeill & Tisdler's electric meter here. Messrs. McNeill & Tisdler are now in East having the special machinery constructed. They have sold to S. P. Kerr one-twentieth interest for \$1,500 and to S. H. Oden one-thirtieth interest for \$1,250.—Winchester Democrat.

THE ADVOCATE.

A National Filling.

"I think," said a West End physician "Americans should be described as a nation of medicine-takers. The returns from the sales of patent medicines are astounding, but no general practitioner is at all surprised at this, because he has long since learned that hypochondria exists almost universally and that medicine-taking is the great delight of an enormous percentage of mankind. One great object a doctor should have in view is to cure with as few doses as possible, and I believe that ninety-nine out of 100 medical students commence practice with this idea before them. If their experience is like mine they have somewhat let down in their efforts in this direction, and if they have not done so they are certainly offended quite a large number of patients. There seems little to choose between the sexes in the matter of a desire to take medicine regularly, and it is often impossible to persuade an apparently rational minded patient that a cure has been effected, that no more medicine is needed and that nothing but good diet and careful habits are required to build up the constitution. A number of doctors save themselves from falling from grace by prescribing a harmless tonic after effecting a cure, but those who pride themselves in disposing of cases by aid of a dozen doses or less seldom attain to any great popularity.

"The often quoted and much vaunted practice in China of paying a physician while his patient is well and stopping his pay during sickness, could never be introduced successfully into this country, because so many people who are perfectly well are prepared to file affidavits that they are dangerously sick that no doctor under the China regime would be able to earn his board."—(St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Congress of Deaf Mutes.

Describing the Congress of Deaf Mutes in Hanover—a congress at which "no president or bell opened the sittings, no animated debates excited the hearers and deep silence reigned throughout"—our Berlin correspondent says that it was the first congress of the deaf and dumb held in Germany, and discussion was carried on and resolutions passed in the language of the fingers. One of the "speakers" stated that there were about ninety thousand deaf mutes in Germany who had mostly to work hard for their bread. It was to be regretted that many employers refused to take them into their service. Technical schools on the pattern of those existing in the United States, where also grammar schools and even universities existed at which deaf-mute teachers were employed, should be introduced into Germany. Another "speaker" pleaded for the education of deaf-mute traveling preachers, so that their fellows might enjoy the benefits of divine service in their language. The most important subject discussed was as to whether the new method of lip reading or the old language of gesture was to be preferred. One speaker pointed out to attempt to converse altogether by reading the lips would not do, on account of the great fatigue and exertion caused by incessantly watching the mouth of the speaker which had an almost hypnotic effect. Both methods, he thought, should be taught.—Ex.

Much is said nowadays against the exclusive grain farmer, by which is meant the wheat grower, but there are many excuses for the man who prefers to stick to that line of agriculture. It is a crop that fails as seldom as any that we grow. It has power to resist to a high degree many of the dangers to which all crops are exposed, such as fungi, insects, weak straw and other constitutional imperfections. It is a cash crop, and even the average yield pays fairly well when produced upon cheap lands, but with the productiveness depending so largely, as it does, upon the grower, we may expect to see it made eventually more of a staple crop upon our higher priced lands. What is needed for this is good seed, fertility of soil through cultivation and adequate moisture. The latter may largely be applied by proper fall preparation of the soil. With these the wheat yield should be easily increased to thirty bushels.—(Ex.)

Henry M. Stanley was defeated for Parliament in the North Lambeth district by F. M. Coldwells, the Liberal candidate.

A Rich Diamond Mine.

The most curious instance of how unexpectedly hidden wealth can be revealed is connected with the discovery of the Westleton mine, the riches of which were only found out less than two years ago. Westleton is a farm situated not five miles from Kimberley, and has over and over again been thoroughly prospected by experts. It remained for a simple laborer to be the instrument in bringing the precious stones to the eyes of the world. Riding out at sundown to bring in his horses from the veldt, where they had been running all day, he saw a small animal called a "meerkat" (it somewhat resembles a weasel, and burrows in colonies like rabbits), industriously scraping some earth from its hole.

Some peculiarity of the ground so thrown up led the Dutchman to fill his handkerchief with it, and after he had stabled his horses, by the dim light of a small lamp he examined the nature of the earth. To his astonishment and delight he found a three-quarter carat diamond in the sand. Further search at the meerkat's hole revealed other diamonds, and six months ago no less than \$2,500,000 was refused for the farm. The great DeBeers Company recently acquired a quarter share in the same for \$175,000 and since the accidental discovery above referred to, over 200,000 carats of fine white diamonds have been extracted from the mine.

Kentucky Fair.

Shelbyville, July 13th to 15th. Eminence, July 19th to 23rd. Harrodsburg, July 25th to 30th. Danville, August 2nd to 6th. Versailles, August 3rd to 6th. Columbia, August 9th to 12th. Sharpshooting, August 9th to 13th. Nicholasville, August 16th to 19th. Lebanon, August 23rd to 26th. Maysville, August 23rd to 27th. Lexington, August 30th to Sept. 3d. Paris, September 6th to 10th. Versailles, September 6th to 10th. Winchester, September 13th to 17th. Elizabethtown, Sept. 13th to 16th. Horse Cave, Sept. 20th to 23d. Cynthiana, Sept. 21 to 24th. Springfield, August 9—4 days. Franklyn, August 30—3 days. Bowling Green, September 6. Lawrenceburg, August 4—5 days. Henderson, August 23—5 days. Hartford, September 23—4 days. Mt. Sterling, September 27—4 days. Oweatown, September 16—5 days. Hintonville, July 28th and 29th. All of the above meetings have trotting contests.

About Fruit.

It has been said that fruit eaten in the morning is golden, taken at noon is silver, but deferred till night is lead. The reason for this that early in the day exercise enough to digest it will probably be taken. Also, if eaten on a comparatively empty stomach, the digestive organs can attend to this alone and so dispose of it. For this reason it is not well to take when overfatigued and the digestive organs are in need of rest. Too acid, too sweet or too watery fruits are the most indigestible. Berries, oranges and grapes are the easiest of digestion, because there are no tough fibers and no excessive amount of juice to be counteracted. Of cooked fruits, baked or roasted are first on the list; then stewed, then boiled. All fruits are better for having the skins taken off previous to eating.

Eggs from Pure Breed are Cheap.

Breeders have now filled their orders for the season, and those who do not object to making late hatches can buy eggs from the best stock at less than half price. Chicks that are hatched now will not lay in winter, (unless brown Leghorns or Hamburgs), but they will begin to lay early in the spring, so as to be ready to produce eggs for hatching out pure breeds. One should be able to procure a setting of eggs now for a dollar, and it is but a very small sum to invest in improvement, for when one buys eggs of pure breeds he is really buying the stock, the actual cash value of the eggs for the table being a matter not to be considered. Take our advice, and send for eggs of pure bred fowls if you have not already done so.—Mirror and Farmer.

Max Benz pointed what he supposed was an empty pistol at William Ochs' head, in Louisville Tuesday. Ochs was fatally wounded, and Benz, crazed at his folly, loaded the weapon and killed himself.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

McCann, Stockwell & Co., Importers of china, glass and housekeeping wares, corner Mill and Main streets, Lexington, Ky., headquarters for fine wares at low prices. We are now receiving the largest, most and cheapest stock of wares we ever had. A decorated breakfast, dinner and tea set, 112 pieces, for \$30.00. A nice chamber set \$22.50. A tin set \$12.50. Fine tin tumblers per dozen \$5.00. A nice parlor lamp, Duplex burner, ten inch shade, and bowl to match, all set in brass for \$15.00. Our lines of cheap wares and fine wares are very complete, and any one visiting Lexington should step in, look and learn, if you care not to buy. No newspaper can describe our stock. Come and see, corner Mill and Main streets, Lexington, Ky. 34-3m

Better than Dehorning.

If you wish to have hornless cattle without dehorning them, begin with the cat. Rub the horn and around it as it begins to bud out with a moistened stick of caustic potash. This will effectually destroy the growth, and the operation appears to be nearly painless. There is no doubt, that hornless cattle are quieter and more easily handled than others, and the majority of cattle feeders would at once adopt the practice of dehorning if they were satisfied that it did not torture the animal, but there can be no cruelty in doing it as we have suggested in the foregoing.—Indiana Farmer.

The following, clipped from the Burlington Post (Mo.) Post, contains information of no little value to persons troubled with indigestion: For years the editor of the Post has been subject to cramp colic or flat indigestion, that prostrated him for several hours and suffered him for business for two or three days after. About a year ago we called on Dr. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and asked for something to ward off an attack that was already making its bidness. Mr. Chamberlain handed us a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We took the medicine according to directions, and not only was a pleasant surprise, but have several times since tried its virtues and found relief in every instance. We take this method of acknowledging the benefit derived and recommending it to all others subject to indigestion. For sale by T. G. Julian.

Sage brush has been generally considered of little value in the economy of nature, and even as a pleasure offering to the monotony of the Western prairie, it has been voted a failure, but an Idaho settler thinks he has discovered a use for it. He is making paper of it. By a lime process and boiling the branches of the shrub he thinks he says is equal to the best wood pulp. From it he manufactures "sage-brush paper" which he thinks he can sell at a profit for four and a half cents a pound.—(Industrial American.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

A bill to protect railroad men in coupling freight cars has at last been agreed upon by the committee on Interstate Commerce. It requires that all cars sent to the shops for repairs must be equipped with automatic couplers after July, 1893. The same dates are applied to providing continuous train brakes for freight trains, to be operated from the locomotive. This is a very important measure and should have been enacted long ago.

The Versailles Clarion says: "The ball has begun to roll for a pretty local fellow to the surrender of turnpikes to the county. The Downman's Mill Pike, about two miles of road leading from South Elkhorn to the Versailles pike, lately built, has been accepted by the authorities of Fayette, and the gate will be thrown open. This is a step in the right direction. Why, turnpike company in Woodford, will by the first to emulate this most pique-spirited and patriotic example?"

Ira M. Greenleaf, a pretty domestic employed in the Davis House at Sheridan, Mich., has died under circumstances. The girl stated that a young man named Parks had given her a glass of wine which she believed to have been drugged, for after drinking she was seized with excruciating pains. The pains gradually became worse until her writhings and contortions were painful to see, when death mercifully relieved her.

A number of Democrats favorable to the Free Colliage bill held a conference to consider its supposed defects, and decided to endeavor to pass the bill without amending it.

At Vicksburg, Miss., Tuesday Smith

Tooley and John L. Adams were lynched in the Court-house yard for the murder of Benjamin H. Scales, a planter and merchant of Redwood.

Boarding House Restaurant.

I have rented the Baum building on East Main street, and have fitted up a number of rooms. I am therefore prepared to accommodate my friends with board and lodging by the week, day or meal. Special attention paid to Court-day diners. Charges reasonable.

J. A. STEPHENS.

31-4f
TABLET'S PILE BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT
CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE AND CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY FOR PILES.

KENNEDY & MASON
303 BROADWAY, 2nd FLOOR, CINCINNATI, O.
DEALERS IN PRINTING PRESSES, TYPE, NEW & SECOND HAND.
WRITE US IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL.

Coal! Coal! Coal!
CALL ON

Cassity & Smith
—For all kinds of—

KENTUCKY AND VIRGINIA COAL.
* Cheap! *

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.
A certain cure for Chronic Eye Ears, Tetter, Scald Head, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fetter Sores, Eczema, Itch, Pruritis, Scabies, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Most cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

BLACKSMITHING!

I am prepared to do all kinds —OF—
Blacksmithing & General Repairing.
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.
I have reduced my prices to meet hard times. Only \$1 for all around shoeing, and 10 per cent off for cash.
Special Attention Given to Steel Work.

Bring in your work. I am prepared to do anything in this line in first-class style. All work fully guaranteed.

Thanking my customers for past favors, I solicit a continuation of their patronage.
J. W. BARBER,
Locust street, opposite Badger & Henry's mill.

FREE TO ALL.
Our New Illustrated Catalogue of Fruits, Grapes, Vines, Strawberries, Raspberries, etc., will be mailed free to all applicants. Send for it now. Most complete Fruit Catalogue published.
48 Grosvenor St. N.Y. Address: HANZ & NEWMAN, LOUISVILLE, KY.

1892. ORCHARD. 1892.
Lawn: and: Garden.

Immense stock of fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs, vines, and plants. Prices reduced to meet the times. All our fruit trees are grafted on native and strawberry canes are grafted on American.

H. F. HILLENMEYER, Lexington, Ky.

Chilled beef, lunch tongue, deviled ham, French sauternes and dried beef at J. B. White's.

W. A. SUTTON.

East Main Street, Mt. STERLING, KENTUCKY.
FURNITURE.

I AM in it to win, and will do it by handling only the best make of goods and selling at a small profit. The time is off for success in a small business with large profits. BUSINESS MEN can only hope to attain success, in this day of progress, by many sales, each article bearing a small profit; and then, every customer must be treated alike. How unfair it is to sell to one man at a certain price, and because his neighbor is a little closer, to sell to him for less money. It is not right. My stock of FURNITURE is entirely NEW, not a piece of old stock. It has been purchased for the cash, it is in my store less all discounts. Buying my entire stock at once, by car-load shipments, I have saved considerable freight expense, and by these methods my stock is put in the store much cheaper than when small orders are made, hence I can sell at VERY CLOSE FIGURES, saving money to my customers and making some for myself. Goods which I have subjected to very low prices:

BED ROOM SUITS, DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, PARLOR SUITS, FOLDING BEDS, WARDROBES, BOOK-CASES, SIDE-BOARDS, ETC.



I also keep a complete line of CASKETS in my Undertaking Department, and, having graduated in this business, in offering my services it is with the confidence that I understand the business and can give satisfaction.

Store-room, MAIN STREET, Next Door to R. C. Lloyd's Drug Store. Residence on West High Street.

HICKS' CARPET STORE.

No. 37 North Broadway, Second Floor,

Lexington, Ky.

CARPETS.
All kinds of best grade of Carpets at the very lowest possible prices.
CURTAINS.
Beautiful Curtains, well worth the money. They are called Bargains.
OIL CLOTHS.
Oil Cloth, the best makes and in the newest and most desirable patterns.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
No house in Kentucky handles better goods or sells for lower profits.

FURNITURE.

J. H. WIEHL & SON,
44 East Main Street, LEXINGTON, KY.

Dealers in all kinds of Furniture.
Walnut, Oak, Mahogany and Cherry Bedroom Sets.
The HODELL FOLDING BED

The Best Bed Made.
THE HANDSOMEST LINE OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES IN CENTRAL KENTUCKY AT PRICES LOWER THAN ANY.

A complete stock of tea menus ten of all grades from the cheapest to the best. A good tea at 40 cents per pound, a splendid tea at 50 cents, at A. Baum & Son's. Don't forget Enoch's place of business, one door west of A. Baum & Son's grocery. A little money goes a long ways in his store and buys a stock of useful articles.

THE ADVOCATE.

How a Big Fortune Was Made.

It is stated that Senor Don Julian Alvarez, of Havana, Cuba, was worth \$5,000,000. His fortune was made by a curious accident, and, as the incident will serve to add a tale, it is related here as told by Senor Alvarez himself.

In 184— a young Spaniard left his native land and came to the island of Cuba to seek his fortune. He was a Catalan, as they denominate the natives of the province of Catalonia in Spain. The people of that section are called "the yankees of Spain," because of their shrewdness and generally well-awake character, and when they once get hold of a dollar they do not let it go unless it is to bring another back with it. Julian Alvarez—he had not yet arrived at the dignity of being called Senor Don—was as thrifty as the people of his province usually are, and after he had got well of the yellow fever, which every newcomer in Havana expects to have before his acclimation is complete, he looked about him for a permanent business. He concluded to go into the Tobacco trade. He had just two doubloons with which to begin, but the young man was bright, patient and shrewd. His little shop became the headquarters of all the Catalan workmen in Havana, and the proprietor sold a very fair Cigar to them at ten for a medio, or two for a cent in our money. The gain was small but steady, and directly Alvarez was the best known Catalan in the capital city of the "Ever-Faithful Cuba."

He soon learned that there was more profit in high grade Cigars than cheap ones. He felt that if he could make a Cigar which he could induce Americans to buy on some sentimental account his fortune was made. About this time he took a schooner, which was plying between Havana and New Orleans, and came to the latter city. He had a friend there who died only a year or two ago. Don Domingue, quite a character in the Crescent City, and thirty-five years ago the best known Cigar dealer of the South and Southwest. One evening in April the two had been out to Boudro's famous restaurant on the lake shore, to dine. The cuisine was Spanish when you wanted it that way and the two enjoyed a banquet that reminded them of home, and warmed their hearts with deep thoughts of red Catalan wine.

While they were sitting at the table there was a movement all through the room. A tall man in the evening dress of the time came in, accompanied by some of the most prominent citizens of New Orleans. An enthusiastic gentleman present took off his hat and called out: "Three cheers for Henry Clay!"

"Who is that gentleman?" asked Alvarez of his friend Domingue. The latter in glowing Spanish (for he was a great admirer of "HARRY of the West") told him how great and powerful the Kentucky statesman was, and that he would one day be President.

"For Dios," said Alvarez, "I will name my Cigar the Henry Clay." Domingue became the American agent for the new "Henry Clay" brand. The canvass was very hot that year. Every whig in Louisiana and Mississippi bought the "Henry Clay" Cigar, and as the stock in it was excellent its fame extended all over the nation. In 1844 Alvarez made \$300,000 profit on his sales of Cigars of this brand in New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston, Louisville and St. Louis alone. The fame of the brand grew, and in 1861 the European demand for the Cigar was as great as in the United States. Thus the fortunate accident of a name made for an enterprising, shrewd man, from first to last, not less than \$5,000,000.

The country residence of Senor Don Julian Alvarez in Cuba was like a dream from Monte Cristo. It was a palace in marble and the fittings were of the most splendid character. There were grounds of oriental loveliness, fountains, sentries by the choicest flowers that bloom. And in the great salon, filled with pictures and marbles, in the place of honor was a splendid full-length portrait of Mr. Clay.—Western Tribune Journal.

The Republicans, notwithstanding the lesson of 1860, are still bent upon the passage of the fit measure, the Force Bill—see the plank in their platform—and Republican success this fall will mean the passage of this hateful measure.

Where Lightning Strikes Most Often

From records in the statistical office at Berlin it appears that thatched roofs are struck by lightning about seven or eight times more frequently than ordinary slated dwelling houses. Country houses are more frequently affected than those in town. This is due to the great amount of vegetation in the country, plants having more power to induce destructive discharges than other substances.

Though this is the case, there are, of course, great differences in electrical characteristics of plants, which increase in some and decrease in some others the liability to destruction by lightning.

For instance, if the risk to the beech is taken as 1, to a pine, (fir or spruce), is 15, to an oak 45, and to most other deciduous trees like the ash, cypress, etc., 40. The comparative immunity of the beech is said to be due to the fact that its leaves are fringed with numerous short hairs to allow the electricity collected in the substance of those organs to escape quietly into the air.

Rocks and soils also have great influence on the risk run by localities from destruction by thunderstorms. Thus, if a limestone rock or a limey soil be taken as 1, that for a sandy soil is 9, and for natural moss or swampy land, 18 to 22.

During a thunderstorm in Scotland heavy rain most frequently, and generally only, occurs; but in some parts of England, and in many places abroad, hail is of quite as common occurrence as rain, and far more destructive to property is wrought by these little pellets of ice than by lightning; so much so, that crops, etc., in those parts are regularly insured against its power of devastation.

With regard to hailstorms in England a curious fact is known, but cannot be satisfactorily explained—viz., that in Huntingdonshire and in the bordering portions of surrounding counties the damage done by hail is very considerably greater than that wrought in any other part of England over a similar area.—Ex.

Newfoundland Codfish.

The greatest fisheries of the world so far as codfish are concerned, are in the vicinity of Newfoundland, where they have been carried on for nearly 400 years. Within a few years after the discovery of the island by John Cabot, 1497, fishing stations were established there, and from that time to the present they have been the leading industry. Of the total population of the province, nearly a third are employed in fisheries or the business relating thereto. Great numbers of American vessels and fishermen are also engaged in these waters during the fishing season, the average annual take of cod on the North American coast being estimated at not less than 1,000,000,000 pounds. While a considerable portion of this catch is sold fresh, and sent long distances packed in ice or by refrigeration, the drying and salting of the fish form one of the most important branches of food preparation. While the people of our country use a great deal of preserved fish, they by no means approach the per capita consumption of Spain and Italy, which are emphatically fish-consuming countries.—Good Housekeeping.

Useful Household Suggestions.

The longer and drier table linen is ironed the better it looks. It is not safe to use rubbers on canes after they have become stretched out and yellow.

Pencil writing may be set by breathing on it, or better still, by passing the tongue over the writing.

Never pour boiling water over teapots, japanned articles, etc., as it will cause the varnish to crack and peel off.

Good mudlage may be made of denatured turpentine, acetate acid and water, and water five parts dissolve all by heating, and then add one part of alcohol.

If moths have gotten into trunks or chests of any kind, the trunks should be emptied, and everything brushed and aired, then wash the trunks with borax and water and well aired and sunned. After drying, use cedar oil.—Good Housekeeping.

In thirty days we will close out our stock, and in view of this fact we are selling regardless of cost. Greatest inducements ever offered in Mt. Sterling. Come early. All business, such as outstanding accounts, must be settled within thirty days.

J. L. HAINLINE & Co.

Luxurious Homes of the Dead.

One of the sights of Montevideo, the traveler must not miss, is the "Cemeterio Central," or principal cemetery, situated a long way from the city's busy centre, near its south beach, within sound of the murmuring sea. Though its natural beauties are not so great as those of Greewood, Mount Auburn, Spring Grove and many other cities of the dead in the United States, and though a few tombs in each of the latter may equal any of these in point of elegance, yet taken as a whole, there is nowhere in North America such an aggregate display of wealth in any one burial ground—such luxurious interment of dust to dust—as here. This is by all odds the finest in South America. It has a monumental entrance and a very costly and elaborate chapel, which alone represent the expenditure of \$100,000,000. The chapel has an ornamental dome, floors and inner walls of purest marble, a beautiful alabaster altar, candelabra and ornaments of gold and silver, and a basement of equal elegance, whereas some of the more illustrious dead—such as Bishops and Presidents—are interred in the cemetery is divided into three sections and surrounded by walls 25 feet high, being a continuous series of vaults, one above another each vault having an opening just large enough to let in a creek. Each of the innumerable little niches is fronted by a marble tablet, bearing in letters of black or gold the names of those whose mortal remains were deposited inside.

To reach the upper cells, coffins are wound up by means of a portable step-ladder and elevator combined—a creaking apparatus that swings and jolts and bumps the cadaver about in a shocking manner, while the pall-bearers skip up the ladder to receive it and shove it into the narrow receptacle. The whole surface of the walls is garlanded with fresh flowers and hung with wreaths of immortelles and decorations made of black and white beads and long streamers of ribbon, all of which show to the best advantage against the white marble facade.

But, alas! as everywhere else in Spanish America, the vaults are not owned absolutely by families, but are rented for a term of years, or for as long as the friends continue to pay a stipulated amount per annum; so that the helpless dead are not sure of a "long home," however much display of wealth may be made at the time of the interment. In case the family move away or die without having left provision in their wills concerning the grave for all time to come, or from failure to pay the rent from any cause, the remains are evicted and dropped into the common pit and the vault rented to other comers.

The ground floor, so to speak, of the vast cemetery, is fully occupied with private or family vaults, (owned, not rented), all of them very costly and elaborate, crowded very close together with narrow, well-paved streets between. Such an array of splendid monuments and exquisite works of art, done by the sculptors of Rome and Milan, may perhaps be equaled in some European cemetery, but certainly nowhere else in the Western world. The vaults are all built up from the ground, of marble or alabaster, baked-oven shape, or in the form of temples, and most of them have plate-glass doors back of the gilded gates of open wrought-iron, plainly showing the interior. The inner walls are covered with pictures and other adornments, profusely decorated with flowers in costly vases, and everywhere are crucifixes and burning candles.—[Pittsburg Dispatch.

At elections in Greece, each candidate has a separate urn, with his name upon it, and some emblem that will help the illiterate voter to identify it. This urn has at the top a funnel into which the voter thrusts his arm, and it is partitioned into two compartments. The voter, if in favor of the candidate deposits a leaden ball into the right compartment, if against him into the left, and no one can see into which place he puts it, although it may be guessed from the twist of his arm. Each voter also deposits a ballot in the urn of each candidate, and this is said to lead to trickery, combinations and intrigues. Soldiers are needed at the ballot box to keep the peace, and bloody affrays are frequent.

At Millado, Ky., an assassin attempted the life of Marshal Dixon. While he was washing his face in his house, the fellow crept up to the window and deliberately fired at him, the ball cutting hair from his head.

Family Horse For Sale.

I have for sale cheap a beautiful brown horse, 4 years old, sound and all right, perfectly gentle for a woman to drive, will stand anywhere without hitching, and will not scare at the cars. JOHN W. WHITE.

THE

Next ANNUAL SESSION—OF—

MRS. HARRIS' SCHOOL, Harris Institute,

WILL OPEN

Monday, September 5, 1892.

464f

J. W. NICKERSON,

CONTRACTOR

—AND—

BUILDER.

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Star Printing Mill.

Call on him and secure estimates

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Kentucky Central R. R.

"BLUE GRASS ROUTE"

Shortest and Quickest Route

—FROM—

CENTRAL KENTUCKY

—TO ALL POINTS—

NORTH & SOUTH

Through daily train service between Cincinnati and Middleborough and points on L. & N. R. R.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 15, 1891.

South-Bound.	No. 1 Daily Express	No. 3 Daily	No. 5 Daily	No. 7 Daily
Lexington	8:10 a.m.	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:15 a.m.	8:05 p.m.	8:05 p.m.	8:05 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:20 a.m.	8:10 p.m.	8:10 p.m.	8:10 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:25 a.m.	8:15 p.m.	8:15 p.m.	8:15 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:30 a.m.	8:20 p.m.	8:20 p.m.	8:20 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:35 a.m.	8:25 p.m.	8:25 p.m.	8:25 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:40 a.m.	8:30 p.m.	8:30 p.m.	8:30 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:45 a.m.	8:35 p.m.	8:35 p.m.	8:35 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:50 a.m.	8:40 p.m.	8:40 p.m.	8:40 p.m.
Waynesburg	8:55 a.m.	8:45 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	8:45 p.m.
Waynesburg	9:00 a.m.	8:50 p.m.	8:50 p.m.	8:50 p.m.
Waynesburg	9:05 a.m.	8:55 p.m.	8:55 p.m.	8:55 p.m.
Waynesburg	9:10 a.m.	9:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m.
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Waynesburg	9:35 a.m.	9:25 p.m.	9:25 p.m.	9:25 p.m.
Waynesburg	9:40 a.m.	9:30 p.m.	9:30 p.m.	9:30 p.m.
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Waynesburg	12:00 p.m.	11:50 p.m.	11:50 p.m.	11:50 p.m.
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Waynesburg	2:00 p.m.	1:50 p.m.	1:50 p.m.	1:50 p.m.
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Waynesburg	2:45 p.m.	2:35 p.m.	2:35 p.m.	2:35 p.m.
Waynesburg	2:50 p.m.	2:40 p.m.	2:40 p.m.	2:40 p.m.
Waynesburg	2:55 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:00 p.m.	2:50 p.m.	2:50 p.m.	2:50 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:05 p.m.	2:55 p.m.	2:55 p.m.	2:55 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:10 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:15 p.m.	3:05 p.m.	3:05 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:20 p.m.	3:10 p.m.	3:10 p.m.	3:10 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:25 p.m.	3:15 p.m.	3:15 p.m.	3:15 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:30 p.m.	3:20 p.m.	3:20 p.m.	3:20 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:35 p.m.	3:25 p.m.	3:25 p.m.	3:25 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:40 p.m.	3:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:45 p.m.	3:35 p.m.	3:35 p.m.	3:35 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:50 p.m.	3:40 p.m.	3:40 p.m.	3:40 p.m.
Waynesburg	3:55 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:00 p.m.	3:50 p.m.	3:50 p.m.	3:50 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:05 p.m.	3:55 p.m.	3:55 p.m.	3:55 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:10 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:15 p.m.	4:05 p.m.	4:05 p.m.	4:05 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:20 p.m.	4:10 p.m.	4:10 p.m.	4:10 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:25 p.m.	4:15 p.m.	4:15 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:30 p.m.	4:20 p.m.	4:20 p.m.	4:20 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:35 p.m.	4:25 p.m.	4:25 p.m.	4:25 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:40 p.m.	4:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:45 p.m.	4:35 p.m.	4:35 p.m.	4:35 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:50 p.m.	4:40 p.m.	4:40 p.m.	4:40 p.m.
Waynesburg	4:55 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:00 p.m.	4:50 p.m.	4:50 p.m.	4:50 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:05 p.m.	4:55 p.m.	4:55 p.m.	4:55 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:10 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:15 p.m.	5:05 p.m.	5:05 p.m.	5:05 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:20 p.m.	5:10 p.m.	5:10 p.m.	5:10 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:25 p.m.	5:15 p.m.	5:15 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:30 p.m.	5:20 p.m.	5:20 p.m.	5:20 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:35 p.m.	5:25 p.m.	5:25 p.m.	5:25 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:40 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	5:30 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:45 p.m.	5:35 p.m.	5:35 p.m.	5:35 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:50 p.m.	5:40 p.m.	5:40 p.m.	5:40 p.m.
Waynesburg	5:55 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:45 p.m.
Waynesburg	6:00 p.m.	5:50 p.m.	5:50 p.m.	5:50 p.m.
Waynesburg	6:05 p.m.	5:55 p.m.	5:55 p.m.	5:5

THE ADVOCATE.

HORSE AND TRACK.

Marvin has forty-eight trotters in training.
Axtell has in three years earned over \$105,000.

A feature of the fall trots at Lexington will be a mile and a quarter dash for horses for the 2:15 class.

There will always be a good market for trotters capable of winning the money.

The book of Delmar, 2:11, against the watch and 2:12 in a race, is full. Records tell the story.

Maud S., Nancy Hanks, Arion and Axtell are the only trotters in the 2:15 list that never lost a race. Arion never lost a heat.

The gray mare Cora S., 2:25, by Harold, out of Cora Belmont, 2:24, sister to Natwood, has foaled a brown filly by Axtell.

The wonderful flight of speed shown by Axtell, the two-year-old of Axtell, has moved a gentleman who means what he says to offer to bet \$500 even that an Axtell two-year-old will this year beat Axtell's two-year-old record of 2:23 \$500 against \$1,000 that an Axtell two-year-old will this year beat \$200, and \$1,000 against \$3,000 that an Axtell two-year-old will this year beat Axtell's three-year-old record of 2:12—all or none of the bets to be taken.

If a colt don't drive well or speed well some day, instead of keeping on driving and getting your back up, determined that he shall go to please you, it is far better to go the stable and put him up, and think over what is the matter with you, for in the majority of cases the colt is all right, but there is something the matter with the bit, shoes, harness, mouth or the driver.

There are sixteen nominators to the \$10,000 Merchants and Manufacturers' Stake, the star event of the Detroit meeting, that have made the third payment. And it seems that fully that many will start, already six applications are in for transfers.

It is pretty safe betting that at least seven trotters will equal 2:15 this season. If we were to pick the seven we should name Nancy Hanks, Suno, Palo Alto, Alberto, Nelson, Delmar and Axtell—Boston Spirit of the Hub.

Over fifty trotters are in training at Palo Alto. The rule now is that each of the three trainers at Palo Alto shall handle exclusively the horses in his string and drive them in races. Palo Alto, 2:08, is in training.

Reaction's taking place on the part of the horse known as the "pedigree." This particular part of a horse has been almost altogether the basis of price in the market for the past few years, but the things are changing about and other equally important qualifications are now demanded. Therefore, breeders, develop your stock, or have not even closely related to the winners.

The trotting meeting at Lexington next October, will last ten days, and after this year there will be a two weeks meeting each season.

The Hamlin stable this season is such an extensive affair that in order to accommodate the animals and employ, a number of tents are taken along and at each stopping place a camp is pitched which includes sleeping quarters, kitchen, mess-room, harness shop, etc.

Don McPhee, the well-known trainer of Virginia, accompanied by Indell Ed Cuyler Hixon, are in this country to buy a fast stallion.

They have a joint commission from the Vienna Trotting Club and the Austria Government to buy a young fast and well-bred stallion. They were met in New York by John Spain and went to Cleveland, O.

Quite a new thing is to be tried at the Hermitage Stud. Out there they have a very fast yearling by Bow Bells that is nearly blind, caused by a bad case of distemper. Dr. Records, the veterinarian, is working on the colt's eyes and will soon fit the youngster out with a pair of glasses. The colt is in training and is very fast. In his work he will go a square gallop, but every now and then will imagine he sees something in his way and will stop to a standstill. The glasses will set him right, and the operation is certainly a very novel one.

Choice cream cheese this week at R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

WAR!

Labor Forcefully Protests Against Capital's Greed.

Three Hundred Armed Pinkertons Sent to Homestead.

Met by Four Thousand Angry Workmen.

A Bloody Battle Ensnues—Nine Detectives and Twelve Workmen Among the Killed.

On June 30, the schedule of wages hitherto in effect between the management of the Carnegie steel works at Homestead, Pa., and the workmen expired, and upon a refusal of the latter to accept a cut in the scale of wages, a lockout resulted. The men went quietly to their homes, but declared no non-union men should be employed in the mills. On Wednesday morning the management attempted to introduce a force of 300 armed Pinkertons into the works, which had previously been enclosed by a heavy fence, surrounded by strands of barbed wire that could be at any time charged with electricity. The Pinkertons came up in two covered barges, specially prepared for their accommodation, by being lined with steel plates and otherwise protected.

When the barges attempted to land, resistance was offered by the men at the works, and soon a fearful conflict was in progress. The Pinkertons, being with deadly effect the Winchester rifles with which they were armed and the four thousand workmen replying with such weapons as they had been able to procure. All day long the fight continued, the workmen securing a couple of small armors, with which they opened fire on the barges in the river, they also procured quantities of oil, which was emptied into the river, and this set on fire in an attempt to fire the barges.

Before night the Pinkertons realized fully that if they did not soon give over the conflict that they would, under cover of darkness, be burned. Little workmen did not blow up the barges with dynamite. A white flag was hung out, but was shot down by their assailants. A second time the flag of truce was run up, but this time a like fate, finally, at the third attempt to surrender, the leaders of the workmen went aboard the barges and upon a promise of protection, took the entire force of Pinkertons prisoners. They were unharmed, though the streets of Homestead guarded, but were subjected to every indignity that could be heaped upon them. Beaten, shot, kicked and insulted, they finally, more dead than alive, reached a public hall where they were confined and later shipped to Pittsburgh and from there to New York.

The workmen secured the rifles and ammunition the Pinkertons had brought with them, and are better able to resist a second attempt than the first. In the fight some twenty men are known to have been killed, the actual number may never be ascertained, and a large number wounded. The workmen at Homestead have repaired all damage done to the works, and are quietly, but determinedly, awaiting developments. Should the management repeat the attempt to place a force of Pinkertons in the mills, a still bloodier conflict will result.

Some villians in this city resorted to a novel way of procuring money. July 4th, he telegraphed Mr. Theo. Huls of Richmond Ky. that his son, Webb Huls, had been killed and asked for \$75 to pay expense of sending body to Kentucky. Young Huls was in the employ of a railroad in that city and theascal thought he would secure some money. The family had a grave prepared for the body and set the time for the funeral. Embody of the railroad company brought news from them and the son that the gentleman was very much alive and theascal failed to get his hoped for raise. Mr. Huls is related to Mr. Wm. Huls and Mrs. Adam Baum of this city.

Owen Laughlin & Son have their accounts drawn off and they are now ready to settle. They urge the people to come in at once and close all old business.

Wells & Hazelrigg

DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

By far the largest and handsomest stock of Dress Goods and Novelty Suitings in the market and all paid for.

A tremendous stock of Table Linens, Torchon Edgings and sossery, all bought and paid for before the McKinley Bill was passed.

WELLS & HAZELRIGG have more Carpets than all the town put together! We are the only house that carries the best brands, such as LOWELL'S, HARTFORD'S, BROMLEY'S, etc., etc., and which they sell as low as OTHER HOUSES SELL INFERIOR MAKES.

WELLS & HAZELRIGG have the sole control of M. Shortell's Children's and Misses' Shoes—the cheapest in America—and every pair warranted. Also J. Johnson's hand-Made Shoes.

WELLS & HAZELRIGG don't deal in Trash.

For HONEST GOODS and HONEST TREATMENT go to

WELLS & HAZELRIGG.

BUSINESS MENTION.

Fruit jars and tin cans at R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

It is a well known fact that J. B. White sells better molasses for less money than any other house in the city.

Fresh cut flakes at R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

Parties making cordial for home use can buy pure whiskey at \$2.00 per gallon at A. Baum & Son's.

Empson candles cheap at R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

Are you sure you use pure Leaf lard? White will sell you no other kind.

Nice, new honey at R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

Do you want pure country-made apple vinegar. White sells no other sort.

Nice line of canned meats of all kinds for parties, picnics & etc at R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

For queuesware at greatly reduced prices call at J. C. Enoch's store, East Main street.

A very fine quality mixed pickles at R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

J. B. White wants to buy some nice country hams. If you can spare any bring them along.

Glassware. In this line J. C. Enoch is offering great inducements. A dollar will buy more here than at any other store.

I wish to thank my patrons for their complimentary remarks about my tea. It is certainly a tea of excellent merit. J. B. WHITE.

The 6th session of Goodwin's Male High School will begin September 5, 1892.

J. B. White has received an invoice of hams that are delicious. You will get the best and save money by calling on him.

W. W. Reed is selling Mason's glass quart and half-gallon fruit jars at \$1.00 and \$1.25 per dozen. He also handles tin and stone fruit jars.

Try White Dove Hams, you will find them for sale by R. M. & T. K. Barnes.

I have put in a full and complete line of saw mill supplies and belting. Threshing machine and mill men can now get what they want and save the excessive express charges.

Ed MITCHELL. All kinds of pumps and the best flter on earth can be purchased from John Feehan.

THE WHITELY BINDER and MOWER.

THE BEST ON EARTH.



SOLD BY ED. MITCHELL,

—DEALER IN—

Hardware, Queensware, Woodenware, TINWARE, AND A FULL LINE OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Niagara Falls Excursion, July 28.

The C. H. & D., whose magnificent excursions to Niagara Falls, Toronto and the Thousand Islands are always the banner excursions of the summer season, will run another from Cincinnati, Thursday, July 28. The excursion will run via Detroit and the Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route." The rates from Cincinnati to Niagara Falls and return will be \$5.00, and from Dayton \$4.50. Toronto and return will be a dollar higher, and to Thousand Islands and return \$5.00 higher. Tickets will be good for five days from Niagara Falls and ten days from Thousand Islands. Stop over will be allowed an excursion granted at Toledo for two days, to visit Put-In-Bay and the mammoth Hotel Victory. Make your arrangements to spend your vacation about this time and join the C. H. & D. excursion. There will be plenty of sleeping cars and coaches for all. For further particulars address any C. H. & D. agent, or E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. Agt., Cincinnati, O.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

—OF—

Traders' Deposit Bank,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS, JUNE 30, 1892.

Resources.	Liabilities.
Cash on hand \$7,999.47 Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures 10,000.00 Notes and Bills 100,000.00 Due from Banks 1,000.00 Property for Rent 1,000.00 Prepaid Accounts 1,000.00 Other Stocks 1,000.00 Inventories 1,000.00 Total \$124,999.47	Capital Stock \$100,000.00 Undivided Profits 10,000.00 Deposits 10,000.00 Other Banks 1,000.00 Total \$124,999.47

Gross Earnings last six months, \$15,000.00; 4 per cent dividend declared and passed to the credit of the stockholders.

The above is a correct statement of the condition of this Bank to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. W. THOMPSON, Cashier.

I have on hand a large stock of Mason's fruit jars which must be sold. If you need any it will pay you to remember this. J. B. WHITE.

J. C. Enoch is on deck again with a full line of all kinds of wares. He occupies the room on East Main street, adjoining A. Baum & Son's grocery store.

J. C. Enoch is offering greater bargains than ever before in all lines of goods. Business house East Main street, one door west of A. Baum & Son's grocery. 48 2t

J. B. White has removed his grocery into the building formerly occupied as Palace Hotel on East Main street.

TRIMBLE BROS., WHOLESALE GROCERS.

TRIMBLE BROS.,

Wholesale Grocers

MT. STERLING, KY.

THE ADVOCATE.

Kentucky Training School will open September 5, 1892. 45-101

Dress suits a specialty and at very low figures at Harry Campbell's.

Born, to W. T. Boone and wife, on Friday, July 10th, a son; weight 10½ pounds.

Born—to the wife of Grant Northcutt on Spencer, Thursday morning, July 7th, a boy.

Major C. W. Fowler's improvement to his school building is progressing rapidly.

A protracted meeting is being conducted at Antioch church by Elders Crabtree and Greenwald.

Remember the grand sale of lots at Highland Park on Saturday next, July 16.

Judge Thos. J. Scott is a candidate for Circuit Judge in the district composed of Clark, Jessamine, Madison and Powell counties.

Hand-made fruit cans, made of the best charcoal tin, at the same price as the Eastern cans made of a low grade of tin, at T. H. Cantor's.

Between seasons Harry Campbell is making up goods very cheap. Call and see some of those stylish suitings he got in yesterday. They are simply elegant.

Capl. Canabhan, of Arkansas, who was nominated by the Prohibitionists for Governor is the father of the pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Levee.

Amy Johnson a colored woman, living near Howard's Mill, was brought before Judge Apperson last Friday adjudged insane and sent to the asylum at Lexington.

Dr. Clay Howard, Duke Smith, and H. Frank Fithian, well known in this city, are members of Mrs. Princess Long's company and will be heard here on the evening of June 29th.

Mr. Charles Staratt has moved into the property of William French on Wm. Street formerly occupied by James Roberts and Mr. Roberts has moved into the property on same street one door east formerly occupied by A. C. Kidd.

J. G. Trimble has donated to the Zion Methodist Church a corner lot worth \$300 in the beautiful village of Highland Park, upon which will be erected immediately a nice church building 30x44 feet, and also a house for school purposes and a public well.

Six thousand people witnessed the oratorical contest at the Chautauque grounds Friday afternoon. All of the leading colleges in the state had representatives and the interest manifested by the college boys, each yelling for his man was great. The \$75.00 was given to Mr. H. L. Godley of Centro College, and Mr. A. L. Irvine from Central University got second money, \$25.00.

The "Big Steer" belonging to Johnson and Smith, of this county, which has been on exhibition here for a few days past is certainly a monster. He is only 3 years old, and weighs as he was taken off the grass just at 4,000 lbs. He is capable of taking on several hundred lbs. more flesh even now, but his owners do not deem it advisable to push him too rapidly, when exhibited at the World's Fair next year there will be none to compete with him.

On Wednesday evening last, S. S. Casidy, of the Southern Democrat, and Col. Z. T. Young, a prominent attorney and politician of this city, had a misunderstanding in the National Hotel about matters political. The discussion was short, but sharp, and soon they "fit a little," friends intermingling before any damage was done; and giving opportunity for their hot blood to cool. The next morning each voluntarily appeared before Judge Grove and asked the privilege of making a donation towards the city's expenses. Sweet peace now reigns where grinning was threatened to thrust his wrinkled front.

Mr. I. F. Tabb has resigned as manager of the Climax Mills, of this city, and Mr. Thos. W. Priest has succeeded him.

Harry Campbell gives more universal satisfaction to his customers than any man we know, and they are more universally well dressed than any men who walk our streets.

Notice.
For a first-class shave or haircut call at the Palace barber shop, located in National hotel. A. J. THURM, Proprietor.

Our new Marshal served notice on the officers of saloons in the city Saturday that he would expect them to obey the law in reference to Sunday closing. As a consequence some of the parties were very dry before Monday morning came.

Mrs. Princess Long, who will give a concert in this city on the night of the 29th, has appeared before some of the most critical audiences in the State, and has always achieved a triumph. She has a lovely voice and is a charming woman. Let our citizens greet her and the company with a full house.

Mrs. Long's Concert

On the 29th inst., Mrs. Princess Long, of Paris, will give a concert in this city, assisted by some of the best voices in the State. Mrs. Long is the fortunate possessor of a voice of rare and wondrous power and sweetness, a voice, which once heard, ever lingers with the listener as a sweet memory. Mrs. Long has made captive the music-loving people of Lexington and Paris, and our citizens should turn out en masse to greet this talented lady. In the company are included Messrs. H. Clay Howard, Duke Smith and Dr. Frank Fithian, respectively tenor, baritone and basso, all well-known to our people; Misses Lizzie Ingels, Georgia Fithian and Flora Hill, all solders each an artist; Carl D. Young, tenor; C. W. Clark, baritone; Prof. Andrew Gintzel, pianist; Henry Saxton, of Lexington, will render several of his inimitable guitar solos. The programme will be a rare treat, and every lover of good music should be present on the evening of the 29th.

A New Enterprise.

The Home Steam Laundry Co., a firm composed of W. H. McMahon, E. E. Jones and N. R. Ratliff have leased a lot from W. T. Fitzpatrick on Queen Street on which they are erecting a building for the purpose of putting in a laundry plant. This is business, these active young business men instead of allowing bankers to handle their capital have served sufficient to invest in an almost entirely new enterprise for this city and have confidence enough in their financial ability to undertake the management of their own affairs. They will succeed. Every piece of their machinery is new, the latest improved, and the hands employed, ten in number, are skilled in the business so that they will be able to turn out as good work as any other concern in the country. If any young men would put their accumulated earnings into industries of this kind, two or three forming a firm, then do as much work as they can themselves, there would be no need of going from home to seek employment and by this means they would contribute to the building up of our city. The laundry will work not less than ten persons at an expense of \$3,140 per year. This is a small item but since it is left at home, these people being fed and clothed here, it is a factor in that direction which makes business and places every man, woman and child on a cash basis. Every citizen should, if he desires to contribute to the general interest, patronize them from the beginning. As it is they are informed not less than \$600 is sent to foreign laundries each month, never to be circulated here again. This laundry will put a stop to this and will draw from other towns, so that they may hope to do not less than \$15,000 of business the first year. They will run a pipe from Jerry Wilson's pond which will give them soft water by gravity pressure. Let every body encourage enterprise.

Kennedy Bros.,

The - Prescription - Druggists.

Pure Drugs, Medicines, &c.

School Books, School Supplies, Pure Jams, pencils, &c. All Toilet Articles. Also Palates, Oils and Varnishes.

Kid gloves, all sizes and colors, at T. P. Martin & Co.'s.

The Convention of the Christian Endeavor Societies, which has been in session in New York, adjourned Sunday night.

A large portion, probably three-fourths of the value, of the property of the city of St. John, N. F., was destroyed by fire.

Among the members of Mrs. Princess Long's Company are Misses Georgia Fithian and Lizzie Ingels, sopranos, and Miss Flora Hill, all sweet singers and soloists of the Paris Philharmonic Club. They will be heard in the concert on the evening of July 29th.

City Officers.

The lately elected Mayor and Councilmen closed their seats in the City Council Tuesday night of last week and forthwith proceeded to election of officers for the present year. The following is a list of those elected: C. T. Wilson, City Marshal; Ben R. Turner, City Clerk; Pierce Wynn, City Treasurer; Pat Shannon, Street Commissioner and Engineer for Fire Department; D. T. Apperson, Tax Collector; Jas. D. Tipton, City Collector; Joe M. Conway, City Engineer; Dr. C. B. Dornson, City Physician; Prof. M. J. Goodwin, City Civil Engineer; Marshal Wilson appointed as his deputies Horace Lane James B. Grigsby and James Casey. All the officials are good men and will give us an honest and faithful administration of their several offices. We want to bear our record just here to the efficiency of the retiring marshal John Gibbons. He faithfully performed the duties of his office and regularly and correctly made his reports. He leaves the office with the consciousness that he has the respect and good will of the entire city.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Louis, wife of Joseph Gast who died on Sunday July 3d, aged 33 years, of Bright's disease, was one of those kind of women whose presence made glad the heart. She lived not for self, but for her husband, children and friends. She had been a resident of this county six years, and leaves a husband and six children. She was a consistent member of the Catholic church, and died in the faith. Her funeral was conducted at the Catholic church Monday, and she was buried in St. Thomas' cemetery. In the hearts of all those she met was a tender spot for her. Her manners and disposition being such that the cords of love bound her closely to her friends. She was a thoughtful, affectionate wife, a tender loving mother, who will be greatly missed by relatives and friends. We tender our profoundest sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mr. James Hackney a respected citizen, of Frenchburg died at his home on Thursday last of consumption.

Died, on last Friday, the 18th inst., at his home near Stepstone, James Quisenberry, aged 74 years. Funeral was preached at his home by Elder B. F. Parker, of the Christian church.

RELIGIOUS.

A protracted meeting will begin at the Howard's Mill church, next Sunday. Rev. Willis, of Richmond, will do the preaching.

The Baptist church at Morehead will be dedicated next Sunday morning. Sermon by Rev. J. N. Partridge of Winchester. The church will immediately hold a protracted meeting led by Rev. T. Warren Bagley.

The Trustees of Georgetown College offer FREE TUITION to three young men of Montgomery county, provided only they are of good moral character, give promise of application and ability to study, and are unable to pay all their expenses. Applications must be made to the undersigned. If more than three apply, there will be a competitive examination. The next session opens in September.

ROGER Q. DRAKE.

EDWARD E. BONAR.

Rev. R. P. Johnson, of Chillicothe, has been engaged to hold a meeting with Pastor Bonar at the Baptist church in this city. The meeting will begin Monday, September 5th.

Milk Lunch and Reception flakes at R. M. & T. K. BARNEF.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Entomological and Botanical Specimens from Kentucky.

The undersigned has been authorized by the Commission to prepare an exhibit of the plants and insects of Kentucky for the World's Fair, and would be pleased to receive contributions of specimens from collectors, teachers and others interested in these lines of natural history. Full credit will be given on labels for all material so contributed. Local collectors who have specimens which they are willing to loan for the Fair are requested to write to me for further information. The more characteristic plants and insects of localities are especially desired. They may be sent to me free after being prepared for the cabinet. All herbarium specimens of plants must be suitable for mounting on regulation size (11 x 16) inches.

H. GARMAN,

Lexington, Ky.

Care State College.

An Outing.

A number of ladies and gentlemen spent the large part of the past week at the Sterling Hunting Grounds, on the banks of the Kentucky river, near the mouth of the Clinch river. The following persons composed the party: Ed Williams, wife and daughter, Will N. Scobee, wife and daughter, John P. Games, S. S. Fizer, Sandy Scobee, Mrs. Walter Huls, Mrs. Matt Farmer, Mrs. Thomson and two daughters, Misses Ida Thomas, Bettie Williams, Elwood Scobee, Etta Scobee, Maggie Scobee, Marie Barnum, Mittie Farmer and Annie May Perry, of this county, and Misses Annie Snyder, of Fayette; Annie Ramsey and Dora Woodward, of Clark, and Pearl Richardson, of Frankfort; Messrs. James Anderson and Ed. Bush. No party ever more thoroughly enjoyed an outing than did those who were so fortunate as to be at the grounds. Each member of the party came home much improved physically, for the pleasant season they had enjoyed together. They went out for rest and recreation, and they succeeded in doing what few do on such errands best—they found both. On Sunday some fifty of their friends from Levee and elsewhere visited them and helped to dispose of some of the beautiful supply of good cheer which was so lavishly spread.

In another column will be found the announcement of Judge James H. Hazelrigg as candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals from this, the First Appellate district. We are glad to present the name of Judge Hazelrigg to our readers and ask for their support. He is the peer of any man, be he whom he may, who is now or has been an aspirant for this, the highest judicial position in the State.

A man of a judicial cast of mind his opinions on legal matters have often been sought and respected by the best lawyers in our section. Nature endowed him with a mind quick to discern the salient points in a matter in controversy, and this, together with an extensive acquaintance with the law of the land, makes him specially fitted for the honorable position to which he aspires. In point of personal popularity probably few men enjoy so wide a circle of devoted friends as Judge Hazelrigg. Should the Democratic party honor him with the nomination he will win for them a victory at the polls and give to them an administration of the office such as shall give additional lustre to the honorable coat of which he shall be a member.

Mr. Henry D. Coubs, a life-long Democrat, and one of the cleverest men at all, is announced in our columns for Circuit Court Clerk of Madison county. Mr. Coubs is a thoroughly capable, honest and upright gentleman, and the duties and responsibilities of the office will be safe in his hands, should the good Democrats of the county see fit to endorse him for the position.

Judge W. M. Beckner, of Winchester, is out in a card in Saturday's Courier Journal formally withdrawing from the race for Judge of the Court of Appeals.

PERSONAL MENTION.

C. M. Henry was in North Middletown Sunday.

Henry Reese is visiting friends in Virginia.

Major W. H. Myhrle is quite sick with an attack of flux.

Mrs. J. W. Barnes visited friends in Winchester Sunday.

Judge A. E. Cole, of Maysville, was in the city the past week.

Dr. L. P. McClure, of Plum Lick, was in the city last week.

Mrs. Annie Haggard, Winchester, visited in the city last week.

Mrs. T. G. Julian and little daughter are visiting in Lexington.

James H. Wood and wife are taking in the Fall camp-meeting.

Miss May Howell, of Maysville, will visit Miss Margaret Dean, this week.

Mrs. C. O. Hansford, of Harrodsburg, is visiting her sister Mrs. M. S. Tyler.

Mrs. Ed Wood and Mark Chiles, with their children are visiting at Mr. P. L. Reese's.

Mrs. F. H. Jackson and son are in the county visiting her father, Allen Prewitt.

Misses Bettie and Mamie Carthens, of Shelbyville, are guests of Mrs. N. H. Trimble.

Miss Pearl Branton, of Mt. Sterling, will teach school at Kiddville this fall.

Mrs. C. H. Bryan and son, Percy leave for a visit to relatives in Racine, Wisconsin to-morrow.

Charlie Bohannan, of Woodford county, visited Dr. William Thompson, this week.

Col. A. T. Wood and wife are visiting relatives and friends in their native county, Fleming.

Miss Lillie Day, of Hazel Green, and Miss Mary Davies, of Georgetown are visiting Mrs. T. D. Jones.

Dr. C. S. Moore, of Newark, Ohio is visiting R. C. Robinson and other relatives in the city and county.

Mrs. Anna Marble, of Princeton, Ky., is visiting the family of her uncle ex-Chief Justice D. J. Peters.

Mrs. H. H. Sneed returned to her home in Middletown Friday, after a pleasant visit to friends here.

Asa and David Baird, of Clark county, were in the city last week on a visit to their friend Mr. William Huls.

Mr. A. Schlegel, of Mt. Sterling, was the guest last week of Mr. Louis Schlegel and family in this city.

Richmond Register.

Prof. Jasou Chenuat, of Louisville, when there is no better known and more successful educator in the State, was visiting relatives here the past week.

Mrs. John Moore and daughters Misses Lillie and Bessie, of Big Stone Gap, Va., are visiting at Tom Moore's on High Street.

Mrs. Nola Sutton, of Mt. Sterling; Miss Lila Wilson, of Fleming county; Misses Lillie and Addie Gooding, of Maysville, are the guests of Mr. Ed Berry and family—Harrison Courier.

Misses Mabel Hord, Minnie Basket, of Mexico, Mo.; Dolly Jamison and Isabelle Harris, of Fulton, Mo., and Mamie Drake, of Centerville, Iowa, composed the handsome and popular quartette, who are visiting Mrs. E. J. Reid at her beautiful suburban home.

Ben Bigstaff, well-known throughout the length and breadth of Kentucky, is a permanent resident of our town which he assures us is the prettiest that he has seen in the State. Ben is full of war reminiscences, and talks entertainingly on all topics.

Hazel Green Herald.

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Mrs. C. Hawes, of Redwood City, California, and Miss Dink Caldwell, of Lexington, are visiting at Mr. J. F. Trumbo's, on West Clay street.

Mrs. Lide Wilson and two children, Clarine and Roger, of Harrison, Tenn., are here on a visit to her father's family, James B. Grigsby.

Mrs. Elvira Ladd, of London, Ky., visited her niece Mrs. Jno. B. Phipps on Wm. Street last week. She was accompanied by her little grand daughter Miss Bonah Thompson.

William G. Ramsey is at home from Charlottesville, Va., where he graduated at the University of Virginia recently. Mr. Ramsey will read law with Judge C. W. Goodpastor—Owingsville Outlook.

A. J. Gatewood visited relatives in Mt. Sterling, Saturday. . . . Chas. Turner, of Mt. Sterling, was here Thursday. . . . Richard Chiles, of Mt. Sterling, was in town last week. . . . Miss Jane Allen is visiting her sister Mrs. C. R. Brooks, in Mt. Sterling. . . . Miss Daisy Hazelrigg returned Monday from a visit to relatives in Mt. Sterling. . . . Miss Hattie Owens, of Montgomery county, is visiting her aunt, Miss Sarena Ewing near town. . . . Miss Nora Peters returned last Thursday from a visit to her cousin, Miss Mamie Miller in Mt. Sterling—Owingsville Opinion.

The second mortgage for \$250,000 was recorded yesterday in the Montgomery County Clerk's office on the E. L. & B. S. R. R. in favor of W. H. Jackson, trustee. This is to secure eleven bonds of \$55,000 each, which bear six per cent. interest and are redeemable in one hundred years.

The whole division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, over 8,000 men, was Sunday night ordered to Homestead to restore peace. Much excitement was created in Homestead by the order, but the leaders of the strikers announced that there would be no resistance offered the troops.

The management of the Fair and Trotting Association desire us to say that no species of gambling, whether to be tolerated at their Fair and Trotting Meeting September 27 to October 1st. That not even polo will be allowed, for while this is not legally, it is morally gambling.

Ed. Mitchell has determined that the people everywhere within the reach of Mt. Sterling should be able to get whatever they wanted for their business here. Millers supplies of all kinds will be kept on hand at a price much less than they can be ordered.

Mrs. Bettie Henry Wilson, one of Montgomery's brightest daughters and teachers, has been engaged to take charge of the educational department at "State Level," near Howard's Mill.

The new city officials, especially the executive, should post themselves as all ordinances and make Mt. Sterling a model peace town. We believe they will do it. Every street should be looked after.

Elder P. H. McGuffey, of Nicholasville, will begin a protracted meeting at Sunset, this county, the fourth Sunday in July. Prof. H. B. Robinson, of Athens, Ga., has been secured to take charge of the music.

The Mayor of Pittsburg has informed Manager Fritz that should he bring over thirteen men to that city they will be arrested, held for trial and their arms seized.

The grand Highland Park sale of building lots comes off next Saturday, July 16, "and don't you forget it."

We have heard of a bunch or two of export cattle selling in Fayette county at 5 cents.

Paris panels, the latest thing out, at Bryan's. 47-4t

Mitchell has Mason's flint glass jars for sale. 49-2t

Shingles and salt at Barnes & Trumbo's. 49-4t

Tin cans for sale at Ed Mitchell's. Guaranteed against leakage. 49-2t

Fresh cakes at R. M. & T. K. BARNEF's.

For oats and hay go to Barnes & Trumbo's. 49-4t

Refrigerators and lawn mowers at reduced prices at Ed Mitchell's. 49-2t

Saws, cupboards, sideboards and a new line of rockers at Eastin's.

The New Process Gasoline stoves for sale at Ed Mitchell's. 49-2t

